

Induction Training (IT1)

(A) Required Protective Equipment

Tetanus vaccination	Broad brim hats
 Gumboots 	 Rubber gloves
Wet weather gear	 Sunscreen
 Cotton long sleeved shirt 	 Cotton long work pants

(B) Taking Photos

Under no circumstances are pictures or videos of our animals to be taken or posted on social media.

(C) Personal Hygiene

Hands are to be washed regularly (with the soap dispenses provided).

(D) Dog Training

Staff members will spend the first day of your work placement teaching how to train dogs eg. sit, stay, lead and voice commands.

(E) Zoonotic Diseases (Diseases transferrable from animals to human)

 Roundworm (Toxocariasis) 	Ringworm (Microsporum canis)
Giardia (Giardiasis)	Mange
 Campylobacter (Campylobacteriosis) 	 Tapeworm (Dipylidium)
Brucellosis (Brucella)	 Leptospirosis (Leptospira)
Echinococcosis (Echinococcus)	 Salmonella (Salmonellosis)

Roundworm (Toxocariasis)

Roundworm causes a parasitic disease known as Toxocariasis, dogs and people become infected by accidentally swallowing roundworm eggs which are found in the environment. Larval worms can be transmitted through the placenta, milk or colostrum of a mother dog which then passes the infection onto her puppies.

Ringworm (Microsporum Canis)

Ringworm is a condition that is caused by a fungus which can infect skin, nails and Hair of both humans and animals. Ringworm is transmitted from animal to humans through direct contact with an infected animals hair/skin. Ringworm can appear anywhere on a human's body can appear as a ring-shaped rash which is usually itchy

Giardia (Giardiasis)

Giardia is a small intestinal parasite that is relatively common in dogs, cats and humans. This parasite is transmitted by consuming contaminated faeces (can be indirectly, for example through contaminated water). Symptoms of this include nausea, diarrhoea and gas.

<u>Mange</u>

Mange is a parasitic skin disease that is caused by a tiny mite, this is transmitted between animals and humans through close contact. In dogs the mite causes severe itching. People can't become infested with this but they can have a local reaction from the mites.

Campylobacter (Campylobacteriosis)

Campylobacter spreads through contaminated food (meat and eggs), water or contact with stool of infected animals. Common symptoms of the disease in humans are diarrhoea, cramping, abdominal pain and fever within 2-5 days after exposure to the organism.

Tapeworm (Dipylidium)

Tapeworm is a parasite spread to dogs, cats and people through ingestion of infected fleas. This is common but rarely causes illness in pets or people.

Brucellosis (Brucella)

Brucellosis is a bacterial disease that affects the ability of animals to reproduce. The disease can be transmitted to humans through contact with recently aborted tissue from infected animals. People who are infected with Brucellosis will usually become sick within 6-8 weeks of exposure with flu-like symptoms.

Leptospirosis (Leptospira)

Leptospirosis is a bacterial disease that is transmitted through contaminated water and urine from an infected animal. People who become infected might not have any signs or have non-specific flu-like signs within 2-7 days after exposure.

Echinococcosis (Echinococcus)

Echinococcosis is a parasitic disease caused by eating or drinking food and water contaminated with a specific type of tapeworm or through contact with an infected animal Most people who are infected with the disease will not have any signs of illness for years. Symptoms start when the slow-growing cysts become large enough to press on the organs that have been invaded.

Salmonella (Salmonellosis)

Salmonella spreads to people through contaminated food (eggs and meat) or contact with the stool of certain animals including dogs. People exposed to Salmonella might have diarrhoea, vomiting, fever or abdominal cramps.